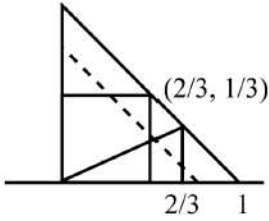


3.42 (a) $\frac{1}{20}$; (b) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$; (c) $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{2}$; (d) $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{40} = \frac{28}{120} = \frac{7}{30}$

3.43 (a) $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$; (b) 0; (c) $\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$; (d) $1 - \frac{1}{120} = \frac{119}{120}$

3.51



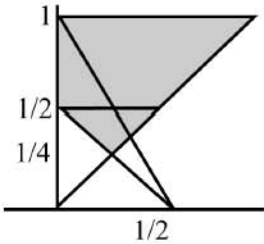
(a) $\frac{1}{2}$

(b) $1 - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = 1 - \frac{4}{9} = \frac{5}{9}$

(c) $2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$

$F(x, y) = 2xy$ for $x > 0, y > 0, x + y < 1$

3.53



$$\int_{1/4}^{1/2} \int_y^y \frac{1}{y} dx dy + \int_{1/2}^1 \int_0^y \frac{1}{y} dx dy$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 = 1 - 0.3466 = 0.6534$$

3.56 $\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = e^{-x} - e^{-x-y}$ $\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x \partial y} = e^{-x-y}$ $x > 0, y > 0$
 $= 0$ elsewhere

3.68 (a) $\frac{1}{3} \int_0^{1/2} \int_0^{1/2} \int_0^{1/2} (2x + 3y + z) dz dy dx$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{1/2} \int_0^{1/2} \left[(2x + 3y)z + \frac{z^2}{2} \right]_0^{1/2} dy dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{1/2} \int_0^{1/2} \left(x + \frac{3}{2}y + \frac{1}{8} \right) dy dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{1/2} \left(xy + \frac{3}{4}y^2 + \frac{1}{8}y \right) \Big|_0^{1/2} dx = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{1/2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{16} + \frac{1}{16} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{16} + \frac{3}{32} + \frac{1}{32} \right) = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{6}{32} = \frac{1}{16}$$

3.69 (a) $g(-1) = \frac{1}{4}, g(1) = \frac{3}{4}$

(b) $h(-1) = \frac{5}{8}, h(0) = \frac{1}{4}, h(1) = \frac{1}{8}$

(c) $f(-1|-1) = \frac{1/8}{1/8 + 1/2} = \frac{1}{5}; f(1|-1) = \frac{1/2}{1/8 + 1/2} = \frac{4}{5}$

$$3.71 \text{ (a)} \quad m(x, y) = \frac{xy}{108}(1+2) = \frac{xy}{36} \text{ for } x = 1, 2, 3; \quad y = 1, 2, 3$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad n(x, z) = \frac{xz}{108}(1+2+3) = \frac{xz}{18} \text{ for } x = 1, 2, 3; \quad z = 1, 2$$

$$\text{(c)} \quad g(x) = \frac{x}{36}(1+2+3) = \frac{x}{6} \text{ for } x = 1, 2, 3$$

$$\text{(d)} \quad \phi(z|1, 2) = \frac{z/64}{2/36} = \frac{z}{3} \text{ for } z = 1, 2$$

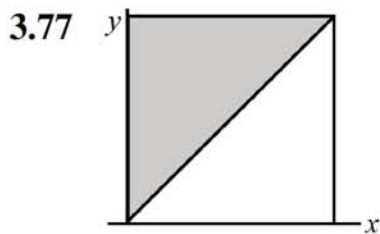
$$\text{(e)} \quad \psi(y, z|3) = \frac{yz/36}{1/2} = \frac{yz}{18} \text{ for } y = 1, 2, 3; \quad z = 1, 2$$

$$3.74 \text{ (a)} \quad \frac{1}{4} \int_0^2 (2x+y) dy = \frac{1}{4} \left[2xy + \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_0^2 = \frac{1}{4} (4x+2) = \frac{1}{2} (2x+1) \text{ for } 0 < x < 1$$

$$= 0 \text{ elsewhere}$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad f\left(y \middle| \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} + y \right)}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2}} = \frac{1}{6} (2y+1) \text{ for } 0 < y < 2$$

$$= 0 \text{ elsewhere}$$



$$\text{(a)} \quad g(x) = \int_x^1 \frac{1}{y} dy = \ln y \Big|_x^1 = \ln 1 - \ln x = \begin{cases} -\ln x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad h(y) = \int_0^y \frac{1}{x} dx = \frac{1}{y} (y-0) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

$$3.109 \text{ (a)} \quad f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \begin{cases} \frac{(20,000)^3}{(x_2+100)^3 (x_2+100)^3 (x_3+100)^3} & x_1 > 0, \quad x_2 > 0, \quad x_3 > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad \int_0^{100} \frac{20,000}{(x_1+100)^3} dx_1 \int_0^{100} \frac{20,000}{(x_2+100)^3} dx_2 \int_{200}^{\infty} \frac{20,000}{(x_3+100)^3} dx_3$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$3.57) \quad P(X+Y > 3) = P(Y > 3-X)$$

$$f(x,y) = e^{-x} e^{-y} \quad x > 0, y > 0$$

$$\rightarrow = \int_0^3 \int_{3-x}^{\infty} e^{-x} e^{-y} dy dx + \int_3^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} e^{-y} dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^3 e^{-x} [-e^{-y}]_{3-x}^{\infty} dx + \int_3^{\infty} e^{-x} [-e^{-y}]_e^{\infty} dx$$

$$= \int_0^3 e^{-x} \cdot e^{-(3-x)} dx + \int_3^{\infty} e^{-x} dx$$

$$= \int_0^3 e^{-3} dx + [-e^{-x}]_3^{\infty}$$

$$= 3 \cdot e^{-3} + e^{-3}$$

$$= \boxed{4e^{-3}}$$

